### **Risk Mapping, Assessment and Planning** (Risk MAP)



alena 2013

niak 2002

Emmonak 2005

Shishmaref 2001

Matanuska-Susitna Borough 2013

Sally Russell Cox

Alaska Dept. of Commerce, Community, and Economic Development, Division of Community and Regional Affairs Alaska Seismic Hazards Safety Commission • October 26, 2017

# FEMA's Prior Mapping Effort vs Risk MAP

Modernization Federal Emergency Management Agency	<b>RiskMAP</b> Increasing Resilience Together
<b>Goal:</b> to digitize paper maps (resulted in digital flood data and digital maps for 92% of population)	<b>Goals:</b> quality data, public awareness, action that reduces risk
Limited up-front coordination	Focus on up-front coordination
Single focus on Flood Insurance Rate Map production	Collaborative, comprehensive approach Study <u>does not have to result in Flood</u> insurance Rate Maps
Scoping not mandatory	Scoping/Discovery is mandatory
Focus on flood hazard	Focus on all hazards impacting community
Limited technical assistance during map updates and implementation	Extensive technical assistance during study process and implementation

### Informing Local Decisions to Reduce Risk





- Understandable maps
- Credible data

<sup>2</sup>roducts

- Usable risk assessments
- Tools to understand how hazard risk has changes

Community Understanding of Risk



- Local understanding of hazards, exposures and vulnerabilities
- Community identifies strategies for risk reduction

Community Decisions + Actions to Reduce Risk



- Integration of risk assessment information into community planning; development
- Seek funding; implement mitigation & adaptation projects

#### Increased Community Resilience



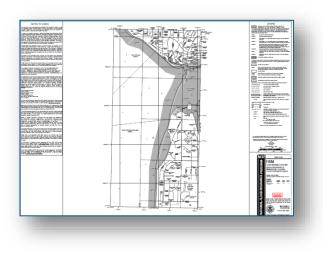
# **Regulatory & Non-Regulatory RiskMAP** Products

#### **Regulatory Products**

Flood Insurance Study (FIS)



Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM)



#### **Non-Regulatory Products**

**Changes Since Last FIRM** 



**Flood Depth Grids** 



**HAZUS Risk Assessment** 

**Risk Report** 









# Risk MAP vs Hazard Mitigation Planning

*Risk MAP and Hazard Mitigation Planning have complementary but different purposes and are not intended to be duplicative.* 

Risk Mapping, Assessment and Planning (Risk MAP)	Hazard Mitigation Planning
<b>Develops</b> new Risk Map products:	<b>Uses</b> Risk MAP regulatory and non-
regulatory Flood Insurance Studies, Flood	regulatory products to describe and assess
Insurance Rate Maps and non-regulatory	risk during development of Hazard
hazard risk assessment tools	Mitigation Plan
Does not result in a "plan". Risk Report	Results in a Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP).
summarizes the risk and vulnerability	An HMP which meets the requirements of
assessments. The planning phase of the	Title 44 Code of Federal Regulations §201.6
Risk Map process addresses how data and	and receives FEMA approval makes the
risk assessments can inform new/updated	local jurisdiction eligible to apply for <i>FEMA</i>
Hazard Mitigation Plans, other community	<i>Hazard Mitigation Assistance Grant</i>
plans and risk-reduction projects.	<i>Programs</i>

Both efforts can provide guidance to local decision-makers as they take action and commit resources to reducing risk.

### **Cooperating Technical Partnerships**

### State of Alaska

#### DCCED/DCRA

- Coordinates Alaska Risk MAP Program
- Sets priorities for Risk MAP Studies
- Establishes collaborative relationships with other state, federal agencies, NGOs
- Works directly with communities

#### DMVA/DHS&EM

- Supports DCRA
- Helps integrate Risk MAP with new/updated *Hazard Mitigation Plans*
- Helps identify mitigation projects for *Hazard Mitigation Grant Program*

#### DNR/DGGS

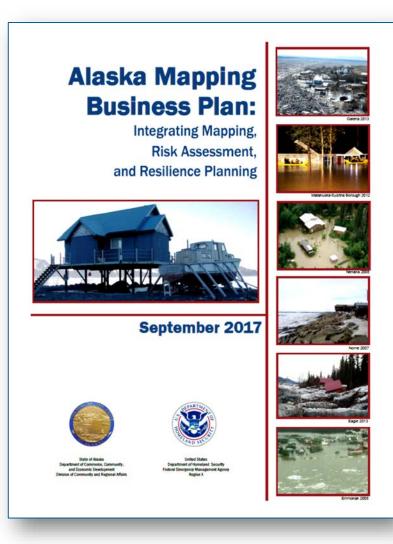
• Conducts hazard assessments that FEMA doesn't (Emmonak Channel Migration Study; Sitka Landslide Study)

#### FEMA

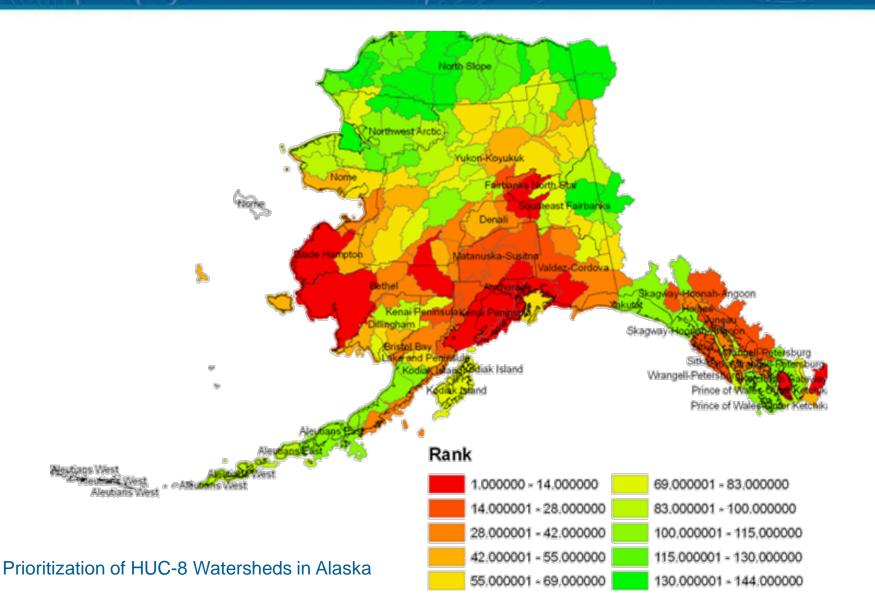
Cooperating Technical Partnerships

## Setting Alaska's Mapping Priorities

- Average Annual Loss Data
- Mitigation Plans
- Interest in New Community Plans
- Disaster Declarations
- Population
- NFIP (status, topographic coverage, coastal miles, etc.)
- Climatological Studies
- Planned Future Development
- Input from other agencies (State and Federal)



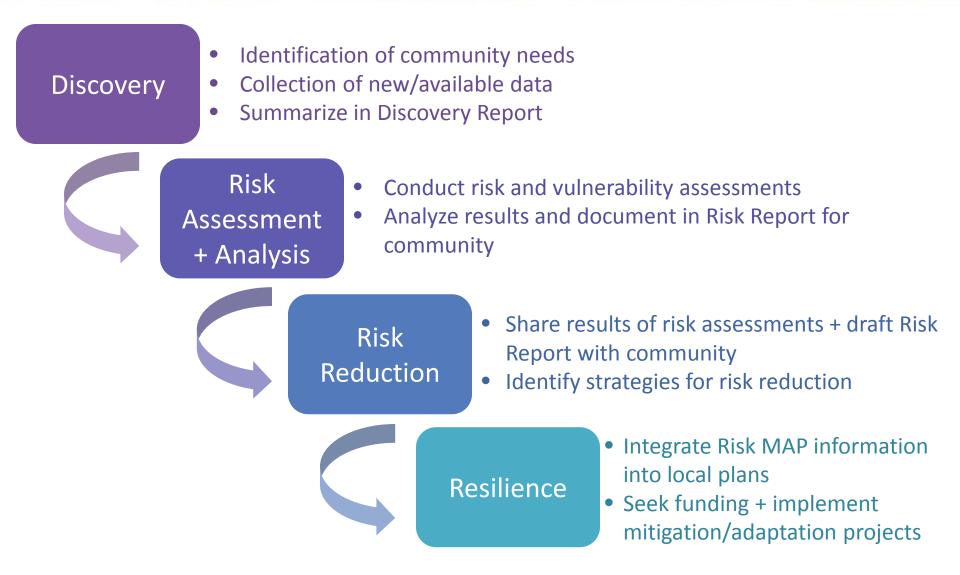
#### How communities are selected for Alaska Risk MAP Studies



# Benefits to State/DCCED

- Focus on increasing community resilience consistent with DCCED's mission to promote strong communities and healthy economies
- Provides \$\$ for much needed data acquisition
- Communities benefit from improved information about risk
- Funds State to provide onsite outreach and technical assistance to communities
- State gets to set study priorities, eg. hazard studies other than flood and new Alaska Native village focus

# **Risk MAP Process**



## **Positive Outcomes**

- New/updated Flood Insurance Studies and Flood Insurance Rate Maps for 6 boroughs and 4 cities
- City of Cordova is using its Risk MAP assessments to inform *a new hazard element in the city's comprehensive plan* update
- At the annual Salmon Jam festival, the City of Cordova incorporated a *"Race the Wave" walk* to show community residents how to get to higher ground in the event of a tsunami. This activity was part of *Risk MAP's risk communication effort*, carried out in partnership with FEMA, AK DHS&EM, Cordova Emergency Management, Cordova City Planning and the Cordova Fire Department
- A *landslide hazard study* is being conducted for the City and Borough of Sitka that will *inform future land use regulation*
- A *channel migration study* is being conducted for the City of Emmonak that will *inform future development and riverbank protection*

# Resilience Workshop

- Brings together federal, state, and local stakeholders to create a list of risk reduction actions using information and risk assessments from the Risk MAP process.
- Breakout sessions for community stakeholders to address risk assessment information and discuss how to implement mitigation actions
- Identification of resilience strategies and implementation opportunities
- Identification of funding sources that support resilience strategies



### Imminently-Threatened Alaska Native Village Focus

- Provides hazard studies and analyses to help communities understand risk so they can begin the decision-making process of responding/adapting to risk
- Communities don't have to participate in National Flood Insurance Program
- Risk MAP projects don't have to result in Flood Insurance Studies and Flood insurance Rate Maps
- Can integrate local knowledge and community-based observation
- Risk MAP non-regulatory products produced in Native Language and in format more useful to community
- Prioritization of communities will be based on Denali Commission's Statewide Threat Assessment

### Next Steps

Hazard Mitigation Plan Update

Climate Adaptation Plan

Mitigation/Adaptation Projects

Local Land Use Plan

**Community Comprehensive Plan** 

Protect-in-Place/Relocation Analysis

Village Planning Group

Risk MAP Tools and Products can inform/lead to:

### Alaska Arctic Policy Commission Implementation Plan, 2015

#### **RECOMMENDATION 3D**

Anticipate, evaluate and respond to risks from climate change related to land erosion and deterioration of community infrastructure and services and support community efforts to adapt and relocate when necessary.

#### Execution

"DCCED's Risk MAP program is a good start to identifying and prioritizing risk, though as a FEMA-funded project it is very specific in the communities it can include."

Legislative Actions "1. Expand DCCED Risk MAP program and partner with communities who are ready to take action."

